IN THE CLAIMS

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This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, in this application.

- 1. (currently amended) An oral vaccine comprising a recombinant lactic acid bacterium capable of expressing which expresses a heterologous antigen intracellularly and/or on the surface of the bacterium, wherein the bacterium is *Lactobacillus plantarum* and can elicit which elicits an immune response against the heterologous antigen in a subject to whom the vaccine is administered.
- 2. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the recombinant Lactobacillus plantarum comprises an expression vector capable of expressing which expresses the heterologous antigen intracellularly and/or on the cell surface, optionally under conditions present in the gastrointestinal tract.
- 3. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the heterologous antigen can induce induces immunogenicity an immune response against a pathogenic microorganism in said subject to whom the vaccine is administered, optionally a heterologous antigen specific for a mucosa colonising pathogen or pathogen entering the body via the mucosa.
- 4. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the heterologous antigen induces immunogenicity an immune response against a pathogenic microorganism colonising the gastrointestinal tract in said subject to whom the vaccine is administered.
- 5. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the heterologous antigen induces immunogenicity an immune response against a pathogenic organism microorganism selected from the group consisting of herpes virus, rubella virus, influenza virus, mumps virus, measles virus, poliomyelitis virus, rotavirus, respiratory syncytial virus, Campylobacter species, Chlamydial organisms, species of the genus

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Cryptosporidium, cytomegalovirus, human immounodeficiency virus, Actinomyces species, Entamoeba histolytica, arenaviruses, arboviruses, Clostridium botulinum, species of the genus Candida, Vibrio cholerae, Cryptococcus neoformans, Enterohemorrhagic strains of E. coli (EHEC), O157:H7, O26:H11, O111:H8 and O104:H21, Enterotoxigenic strains of *E. coli* (ETEC), strains of *E. coli* shown to possess enteroinvasiveness (EIEC), Enteropathogenic strains of E. coli (EPEC), Enteroaggregative strains of E. coli (EaggEC), Difficulty adhering strains of E. coli (DAEC), filoviridae, parvovirus, Filarioidea, Staphylococcus aureus, species of the genus Clostridium perfringens, Helicobacter pylori, Caliciviruses, Giardia lamblia, Neisseria gonorrhoeae, hantaviruses, hepatitis virus types A, B, C, D, and E, Legionellae strains, Mycobacterium leprae, Listeria monocytogenes, species of the genus Clostridium perfringens, Borrelia burgdorferi, Pseudomonas pseudomallei, Epstein Barr virus, Onchocerca volvulus, Poxvirus, Bordetella pertussis, Yersinia pestis, Coxiella burnetii, rabies virus, Treponema pallidum, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Salmonella typhi, a eukaryotic parasite causing malaria, Pneumocystis pneumonia carnii, an agent causing toxoplasmosis, and any combination thereof in said subject to whom the vaccine is administered.

- 6. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 which elicits a protective immune response against a pathogenic microorganism selected from the group consisting of rotavirus, respiratory syncytial virus, Mycobacterium tuberculosis

 Mycobacterium tuberculosis, human immunodeficeincy immunodeficiency virus, E. coli, Vibrio cholerae, streptococci and[[/or]] chlamydia in said subject to whom the vaccine is administered.
- 7. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the heterologous antigen is a viral [[and/]]or bacterial antigen optionally a gp160 envelope protein of the HIV virus, a surface glycoprotein of a Leishmania parasite, Shiga-like toxin, Shigella lipopolysaccharide antigen, Escherichia coli fimbrial antigen, a Coli Fimbrial Antigen

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(CFA) of an enterotoxigenic *Escherichia coli* strain, anthrax toxin, pertussis toxin, or tetanus toxin.

- 8. (previously presented) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the heterologous antigen is a human allergen or the heterologous antigen is specific for tetanus.
- 9. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 which can induce induces a protective immunity immune response against [[the]] a pathogenic organism microorganism that the heterologous antigen is from in said subject to whom the vaccine is administered.
- 10. (previously presented) The vaccine according to claim 1 formulated as a single dose vaccine.

Claim 11 (canceled)

- 12. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the recombinant *Lactobacillus plantarum* comprises a homologous expression [[and/]]or secretion signal, optionally in an expression vector for *Lactobacilli*, preferably for *Lactobacillus plantarum*.
- 13. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the recombinant *Lactobacillus plantarum* strain exhibits a persistence in a vaccinated individual exceeding 5 days in said subject to whom the vaccine is administered, preferably exceeding 9 days, suitably more than 15 or even 20 days.

Claim 14 (canceled)

15. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 formulated for administration to a human[[,]].

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- 16. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the recombinant *Lactobacillus plantarum* is [[a]] recombinant *Lactobacillus plantarum* 256.
- 17. (previously presented) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the vaccine comprises at least one adjuvant or a pharmacologically acceptable carrier.
- 18. (currently amended) A recombinant *Lactobacillus plantarum* <u>bacterium</u>, <u>optionally a recombinant strain of *Lactobacillus plantarum* 256, capable of expressing <u>which</u> <u>expresses</u> a heterologous antigen intracellularly and/or on the surface of the bacterium, wherein the bacterium <u>can elicit elicits</u> an immune response against the heterologous antigen <u>in a subject to whom the vaccine</u> <u>when the bacterium</u> is administered orally.</u>

Claim 19 (canceled)

- 20. (currently amended) A non-human and/or non-human foodstuff Lactobacillus plantarum bacterium from a non-human foodstuff or of non-human origin which has been modified to express expresses a heterologous antigen and to elicit so that the bacterium elicits an immune response in an individual when administered orally.
- 21. (currently amended) The bacterium according to claim 20 wherein[[:]]
- (a) the bacterium is a naturally occurring or unmodified *L. plantarum* is foreign to that said individual or is not present in the gastrointestinal tract or mucosa of humans;
- (b) the antigen is expressed intracellularly and/or on the cell surface; and/or
- (c) the antigen is an immunogen.
- 22. (currently amended) A *Lactobacillus plantarum* bacterium which has been modified to express a heterologous antigen intracellularly and/or on the cell surface, to elicit an immune response in an individual when administered orally and which can persist in the gastrointestinal tract of that <u>said</u> individual for at least 7 days.

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- 23. (currently amended) [[A]] <u>The recombinant</u> Lactobacillus plantarum according to claim 18 for use in a vaccine.
- 24. (currently amended) An expression vector suitable for intracellular expression or exposure (on a cell-surface) of a heterologous antigen, the expression vector being capable of providing expression in a *Lactobacillus plantarum* of the heterologous antigen under conditions existing in the gastrointestinal tract.
- 25. (previously presented) The bacterium according to claim 19 for use in a method of prophylaxis or treatment of the human or animal body.
- 26. (withdrawn) A method of using a *Lactobacillus* bacterium which has been modified to express a heterologous antigen intracellularly and/or on the cell surface comprising administration of a vaccine to an individual for whom the unmodified *L. plantarum* is foreign.
- 27. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 26 wherein the unmodified *Lactobacillus* is *L. plantarum*, is not found in humans (the strain is endogenous) or is not present in the gastrointestinal tract or mucosa of mammals.
- 28. (withdrawn) A method of using a bacterium according to claim 19 comprising administration of a vaccine comprising said bacterium.
- 29. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 28 wherein the vaccine is adapted for oral administration and/or elicits an immune response on administration.
- 30. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 26 for treating or preventing tetanus.

- 31. (previously presented) The vaccine according to claim 3 wherein the heterologous antigen is specific for a pathogenic microorganism entering the body mucosally via the oral route.
- 32. (currently amended) The vaccine according to claim 15[[,]] wherein the human is selected from the group consisting of an infant, <u>an</u> immunocompromised person, <u>an</u> elderly person, a normally healthy infant, a normally healthy child, and a normally healthy adult.
- 33. (new) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the recombinant *Lactobacillus* plantarum comprises an expression vector which expresses the heterologous antigen on the cell surface.
- 34. (new) The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the recombinant *Lactobacillus* plantarum comprises an expression vector which expresses the heterologous antigen intracellularly and on the cell surface.
- 35. (new) The vaccine according to claim 3 wherein said heterologous antigen is a heterologous antigen specific for a mucosa colonising pathogenic microorganism or a pathogenic microorganism entering the body via the mucosa.
- 36. (new) The vaccine of claim 7 wherein the heterologous antigens is a gp160 envelope protein of the HIV virus, a surface glycoprotein of a *Leishmania* parasite, Shiga-like toxin, *Shigella* lipopolysaccharide antigen, *Escherichia coli* fimbrial antigen, a Coli Fimbrial Antigen (CFA) of an enterotoxigenic *Escherichia coli* strain, anthrax toxin, pertussis toxin, or tetanus toxin.
- 37. (new) The vaccine according to claim 12 wherein said homologous expression or secretion signal is an expression vector for *Lactobacilli*.

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- 38. (new) The vaccine according to claim 37 wherein said expression vector is an expression vector for *Lactobacillus plantarum*.
- 39. (new) The vaccine according to claim 13 wherein said recombinant *Lactobacillus* plantarum strain exhibits a persistence in the vaccinated individual exceeding 9 days.
- 40. (new) The vaccine according to claim 39 wherein said strain exhibits a persistence of more than 15 days in the vaccinated individual.
- 41. (new) The vaccine according to claim 40 wherein said strain exhibits a persistence of more than 20 days in the vaccinated individual.
- 42. (new) The recombinant *Lactobacillus plantarum* according to claim 18 which is a recombinant strain of *Lactobacillus plantarum* 256.
- 43. (new) The bacterium according to claim 20 wherein the bacterium is not present in the gastrointestinal tract or mucosa of humans.
- 44. (new) The bacterium according to claim 20 wherein the antigen is expressed intracellularly.
- 45. (new) The bacterium according to claim 20 wherein the antigen is expressed on the cell surface.
- 46. (new) The bacterium according to claim 21 wherein the antigen is an immunogen.